## Lesson 17:

## Arithmetic Operations on Tensors

## Operations between two Tensors

## Given two tensors $x$ and $y$,

- Arithmetic operations such as plus, minus, multiplication, division can be performed between $x$ and $y$, and produce another tensor.
- $x+y, x-y, x^{*} y, x / y$
- To perform a binary operation between two tensors, the shape of the two should be compatible.
- Element wise operations between the two tensors are performed.



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Broadcast (Stretch)

X (1d array): 3
Y(1d array 1
Result (1d array) : 3

## Broadcast (Stretch)

```
X (1d array): 3
[1,2, 3 ]
Y (1d array \(\quad 1\)
2
```

Result (1d array) : 3

## Broadcast (Stretch)

```
X (1d array): 3
[1, 2, 3]
Y(1d array 1
    2
Result (1d array) : 3
```

TensorFlow performs broadcast of the lower shape tensor.
It means, the low dimensional tensor is replicated till we find the matching shape


## Broadcast (Stretch)

| X (1d array): | 3 | $[1,2,3]$ |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $Y(1 d$ array | 1 | 2 |
| sult (1d array) : | 3 |  |

TensorFlow performs broadcast of the lower shape tensor.
It means, the low dimensional tensor is replicated till we find the matching shape


Two Sides Broadcast (Stretch)

X (1d array): 3
Y (2d array): $3 \times 1$
Result (2d array): $3 \times 3$

$+$


